

Proeutectic  $\alpha$  = 24%

Liquid = 76%

100% Liquid

Eutectic  $\alpha$

Eutectic  $\beta$

Alloy 2

Alloy 1

327

300

250

200

150

100

50

Temperature, °C

Solidus

Liquidus

Liquid

Liquidus

Proeutectic  $\alpha$  = 51%

Liquid = 49%

$\alpha$  + liquid

$\beta$  + liquid

Solidus

$\beta$

Solvus

Proeutectic  $\alpha$

Eutectic point

$\alpha$  +  $\beta$

183

40.0

61.9

97.5

100% Pb

100% Sn

Weight percent tin

Eutectic  $\alpha$

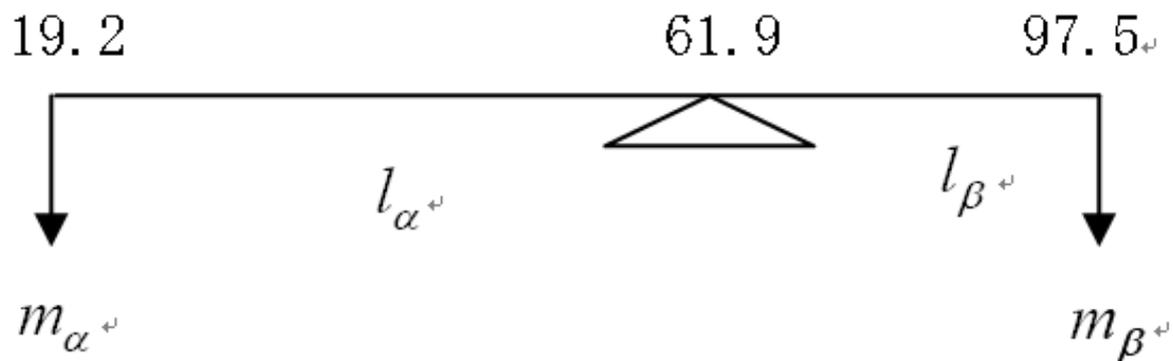
Eutectic  $\beta$

共晶(eutectic composition)の合金が、 $183^{\circ}\text{C}$ (eutectic temperature)直下に保持されているとき.

• $\alpha$ 相(組成: 80.8%Pb-19.2%Sn)

• $\beta$ 相(組成: 2.5%Pb-97.5%Sn)

まず $\alpha$ 相の存在割合を天秤の関係から求める.



共晶 (eutectic composition) の合金が, 183°C (eutectic temperature) 直下に保持されているとき.

- $\alpha$  相 (組成: 80.8%Pb-19.2%Sn)
- $\alpha$  相の存在割合を天秤の関係から求める.

$$l_{\alpha} \times m_{\alpha} = l_{\beta} \times m_{\beta}, \quad m_{\alpha} + m_{\beta} = 1$$

$$m_{\alpha} = \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha}} m_{\beta} = \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha}} (1 - m_{\alpha}) = \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha}} - \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha}} m_{\alpha}$$

$$m_{\alpha} \left( 1 + \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha}} \right) = \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha}} \rightarrow m_{\alpha} = \frac{l_{\beta}}{l_{\alpha} + l_{\beta}} = \frac{97.5 - 61.9}{97.5 - 19.2} = \frac{35.6}{78.3} = 0.455$$

\*  $\beta$  相 (組成: 2.5%Pb-97.5%Sn)     $\beta$  相の存在割合

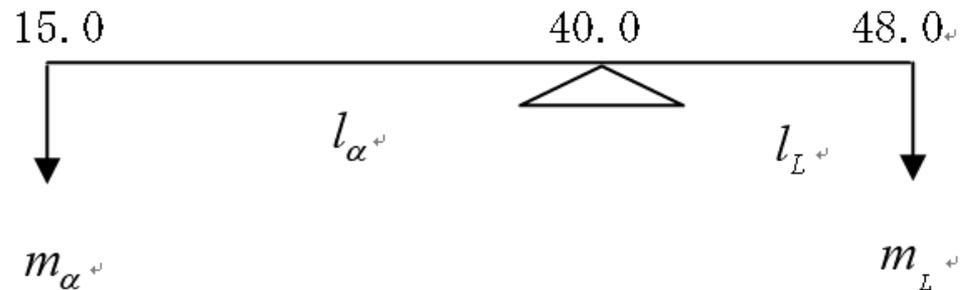
$$m_{\beta} = 1 - m_{\alpha} = 1 - 0.455 = 0.545$$

60.0%Pb-40.0%Sn合金が230°Cに保持されているとき.

- L相(組成:52.0%Pb-48.0%Sn)

- $\alpha$ 相(組成:85.0%Pb-15.0%Sn)

$\alpha$ 相、L相の存在割合を天秤の関係から求める.



60.0%Pb-40.0%Sn合金が230°Cに保持されているとき、

- L相(組成:52.0%Pb-48.0%Sn)
- L相の存在割合を天秤の関係から求める。

$$l_{\alpha} \times m_{\alpha} = l_L \times m_L, \quad m_{\alpha} + m_L = 1$$

$$m_L = \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L} m_{\alpha} = \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L} (1 - m_L) = \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L} - \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L} m_L$$

$$m_L \left( 1 + \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L} \right) = \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L} \rightarrow m_L = \frac{l_{\alpha}}{l_L + l_{\alpha}} = \frac{40.0 - 15.0}{48.0 - 15.0} = \frac{25.0}{33.0} = 0.758$$

$\alpha$ 相(組成:85.0%Pb-15.0%Sn)  $\alpha$ 相の存在割合

$$m_{\alpha} = 1 - m_L = 1 - 0.758 = 0.242$$

40.0%Sn が183°Cよりわずかに高い温度での組織は？

40.0%Sn が183°Cよりわずかに低い温度での組織は？

The point d at 40.0%Sn and 183°C+ΔT

L相(組成:38.1%Pb-61.9%Sn) + α相(組成:80.8%Pb-19.2%Sn)

$$\text{L相の存在割合} \quad m_L = \frac{40.0 - 19.2}{61.9 - 19.2} = \frac{20.8}{42.7} = 0.487$$

$$\alpha\text{相の存在割合} \quad m_\alpha = \frac{61.9 - 40.0}{61.9 - 19.2} = \frac{21.9}{42.7} = 0.513 \quad (= 1 - m_L)$$

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The point e at 40.0%Sn and 183°C-ΔT

α相(組成:80.8%Pb-19.2%Sn) + β相(組成:2.5%Pb-97.5%Sn)

$$\alpha\text{相の存在割合} \quad m_\alpha = \frac{97.5 - 40.0}{97.5 - 19.2} = \frac{57.5}{78.3} = 0.734$$

$$\beta\text{相の存在割合} \quad m_\beta = \frac{40.0 - 19.2}{97.5 - 19.2} = \frac{20.8}{78.3} = 0.266$$

at  $183^{\circ}\text{C}+\Delta T$

at  $183^{\circ}\text{C}-\Delta T$

共晶反应

$\alpha$ 相(初晶): 0.513

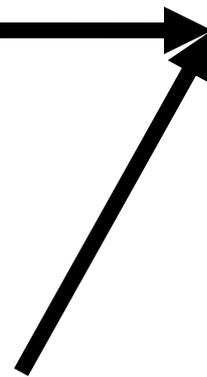
$\alpha$ 相: 0.735

$\alpha$ 相(共晶):  $0.487 \times 0.455 = 0.222$

L相: 0.487

$\beta$ 相(共晶):  $0.487 \times 0.545 = 0.265$

$\beta$ 相: 0.265



40.0%Sn で100°Cで保持したときの組織は？

The point f at 40.0%Sn and 100°C

α相(組成:94.0%Pb-6.0%Sn) + β相(組成:0.7%Pb-99.3%Sn)

α相の存在割合  $m_{\alpha} = \frac{99.3 - 40.0}{99.3 - 6.0} = \frac{59.3}{93.3} = 0.636$

β相の存在割合  $m_{\beta} = \frac{40.0 - 6.0}{99.3 - 6.0} = \frac{34.0}{93.3} = 0.364$

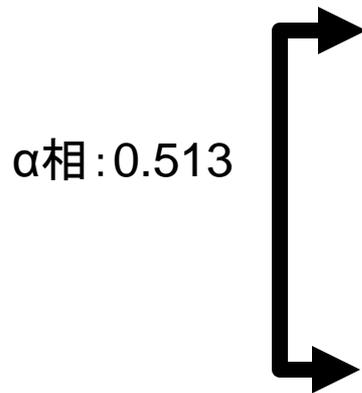
{初晶}のα相について

α相(変化した初晶のα相):

$$0.513 \times \frac{99.3 - 19.2}{99.3 - 6.0} = 0.513 \times \frac{80.1}{93.3} = 0.440$$

β相(初晶のα相内に析出):

$$0.513 \times \frac{19.2 - 6.0}{99.3 - 6.0} = 0.513 \times \frac{13.2}{93.3} = 0.073$$



## {共晶} (α相+β相)について

α相(変化した共晶のα相):

$$0.487 \times \frac{99.3 - 61.9}{99.3 - 6.0} = 0.487 \times \frac{37.4}{99.3} = 0.195$$

α相+β相:0.487

β相(変化した共晶のβ相):

$$0.487 \times \frac{61.9 - 6.0}{99.3 - 6.0} = 0.487 \times \frac{55.9}{93.3} = 0.292$$

$$\alpha \text{相 (total)} = \alpha \text{相 (初晶)} + \alpha \text{相 (共晶)} = 0.440 + 0.195 = 0.635$$

$$\beta \text{相 (total)} = \beta \text{相 (初晶中に析出)} + \beta \text{相 (共晶)} = 0.073 + 0.292 = 0.365$$